FHWA Funding, Monitoring & Reporting

Tammy Richards - FHWA



Question: As a public servant, has anyone here had someone thank them for a particular project or tell them how it has made a difference in their daily commute, personal activities or their life?

They are great reminders, aren't they?

Sure there are hoops to jump through, hurdles to jump over and Federal requirements to adhere to, but lets not lose sight of the impacts!

Meet Ray...my reminder

"We have a unique and amazing opportunity to make a difference in people's lives...to make them better and easier. Sometimes we don't even realize the impact. It's always nice to be reminded of those impacts." ~Tammy Richards



FHWA's Role

- To provide Federal funding for your project.
- To ensure that our Federal dollars are spent appropriately.
- To ensure that there is no fraud, waste and/or abuse.
- To ensure that the recipient/sub-recipient has a good project.
- To ensure that the recipient/sub-recipient has every opportunity to keep every dollar of their Federal funds.
- I AM NOT here to make the process hard for you or to "ding" you, but there are regulations that YOU have agreed to uphold by asking for and receiving our money.

NCDOT's Role

Although NCDOT doesn't have any funds in LPA projects, they have oversight of all LPA projects.

23 CFR 635.105(a) & (b)

- (a) The State Transportation Department (STD) has responsibility for the construction of all Federal-aid projects, and is not relieved of such responsibility by authorizing performance of the work by a local public agency or other Federal agency. The STD shall be responsible for insuring that such projects receive adequate supervision and inspection to insure that projects are completed in conformance with approved plans and specifications.
- (b) Although the STD may employ a consultant to provide construction engineering services, such as inspection or survey work on a project, **the STD shall provide a full-time employed State engineer to be in responsible charge** of the project.

If funds have to be re-paid or deemed non-participating, they are taken from NCDOT and then the municipality will be responsible for paying NCDOT (or it will be taken from your Powell Bill).

Common Terms

Contract Authority U.S. Congress: *"You (NCDOT) <u>might be able to</u> obligate X dollars . . ."*

Obligation Ceiling (or Obligation Limitation) "... but, based on overall budget conditions, you can only obligate Y dollars"

Funds programmed (not yet guaranteed) NCBOT adopts a new "Funding Program" (7-year STIP) every two years

Funds obligated (safe from rescission axe) Upon NCDOT request, FHWA agrees to reimburse for a specific project

Rescission ("Houston, we have a problem") Congress decreases the State's Contract Authority

2 CFR 200 "The Supercircular"

Period of Performance:

- Imposes a period when project costs can be incurred
 - > Start Date (Project Effective Authorization Date) through the End Date
 - > Costs can only be incurred within start and end date
 - After project end date no additional costs can be incurred
 - Requires that projects be closed out 15 months after the "End Date" established and documented on the FHWA Authorization
- Extension/modification of End Date is authorized by the awarding agency when there is a project delay beyond the control of the recipient/subrecipient (

Project/Funds Authorization

FHWA commitment that Federal funds are available for the project

- Preliminary Engineering (PE) (you have 10 years to construct the project "Studies" are not a good idea) CFR 630.112(2)
- Right of Way acquisition (ROW)
- Construction (CON)

• Authorization is required prior to incurring any expenses

Work done before the date of FHWA Division authorization is NOT eligible for reimbursement

Inactive Projects

- An Inactive Project is defined as any project (regardless of the dollar value) that has not had any expenditures charged to it in FHWA's system in the given timeframe.
- Once a project hits the 1-year report, FHWA's Finance Section is <u>REQUIRED</u> to deobligate the funding.
- Remember that the Municipal Agreement states that a project must be invoiced at least once every 6 months to keep the project active and eligible for Federal funding.
- The Municipal Agreement also states:
 - FINAL INVOICE

All invoices associated with the Project must be submitted within six (6) months of the completion and acceptance of the Project to be eligible for reimbursement by the Department. Any invoices submitted after this time will not be eligible for reimbursement.

Items Typically Reviewed

- Advertisement/Bid documents
- Consultant Selection process
- Project Diaries
- Pay Record Books
- Concrete/Asphalt/ABC test results/frequencies
- Weight tickets
- Pay Estimates
- Supplemental Agreements
- Wage Rates/Interviews
- DBE/Subcontractors
- Grading
- Traffic Control
- Erosion Control
- Signs
- Material Certifications
- Job-site Posters
- LPA/NCDOT Oversight
- Project Final Acceptance Process

Preliminary Project Reviews

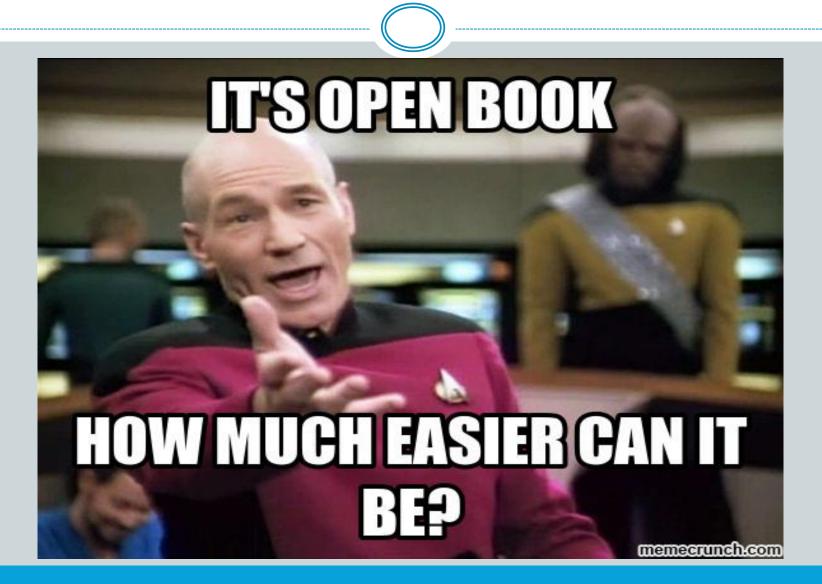
LPA Program Manager will be conducting two types of reviews:

Pre-Construction Conference Attendance/Review - When you receive your Concurrence In Award letter from NCDOT, it will have on it that an invitation to the Pre-Construction Conference should be sent to your NCDOT contact, NCDOT M&T Contact, as well as myself.

Please don't "forget" to invite NCDOT. Someone from DOT (or their representative) needs to be at each Pre-Construction Conference.

Records Reviews - Will consist of a review of all project records and documentation for the project around 50%-75% of project completion. (I will provide a copy of the checklist that I use!)

Records Reviews



In order to achieve project final certification, the NCDOT (Materials & Test Unit) will need to certify your project (requested by an NCDOT-1446B form). Please make sure all records are available for their review.

Note to NCDOT & Municipalities: Please schedule M&T's review, the punch list walk through, final invoice, etc. as soon as you can in the final acceptance process to ensure proper (and timely) project closeout.

2 CFR 200 (aka: Supercircular) - Requires that projects be closed out 15 months after the "End Date" established and documented on the FHWA Authorization.

If timeframes are not met, the Supercircular states that ALL project funds shall be taken back.

Project Closeout & Records Retention

A Federal project is not closed out until FHWA closes it in our project tracking system (FMIS). After NCDOT fiscal has received the NCDOT-1446B and the Material Certification Letter from M&T, they close the project in their accounting system and send it electronically to our FMIS system for closure.

A Final Voucher Date is assigned to the project once it has been closed in FMIS.

The NCDOT Division will send the municipality a letter letting you know what your Final Voucher Date is.

Keep all project records for three years after the Final Voucher Date as they can be audited by FHWA until that time! The project is off your plate!

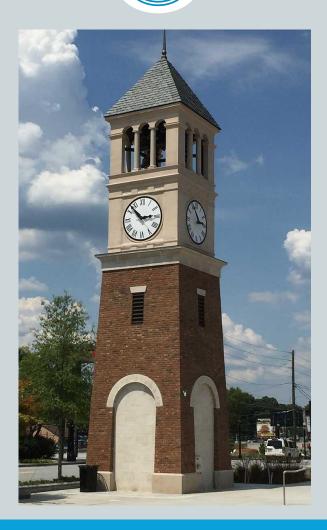
Any remaining funds at the time of closeout is released. The money goes back into the NCDOT or MPO's "pot" as unobligated. The money can then be used for other projects (depending on funding type.)

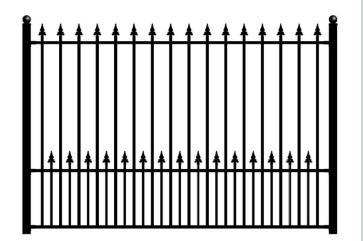
Please be considerate of timely project closeout!

Example of Items That Are Not Eligible









Don't Be Afraid To Ask For Help!

Remember: If you have questions, run into a problem or don't know how to handle something, please ask your NCDOT partners. They are there to help you and to keep you out of trouble!





Tammy Richards FHWA - Local Programs Manager (919) 747-7004 <u>Tammy.Richards@dot.gov</u>

"It is my hope that when funds are given to a municipality, that they keep all of them and a great project is created. When I have to take funds back, I take it personally. It's a bad day at the office for me. It means I failed...we all failed in some way. That's a bad day for everyone." - Tammy Richards